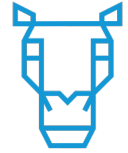




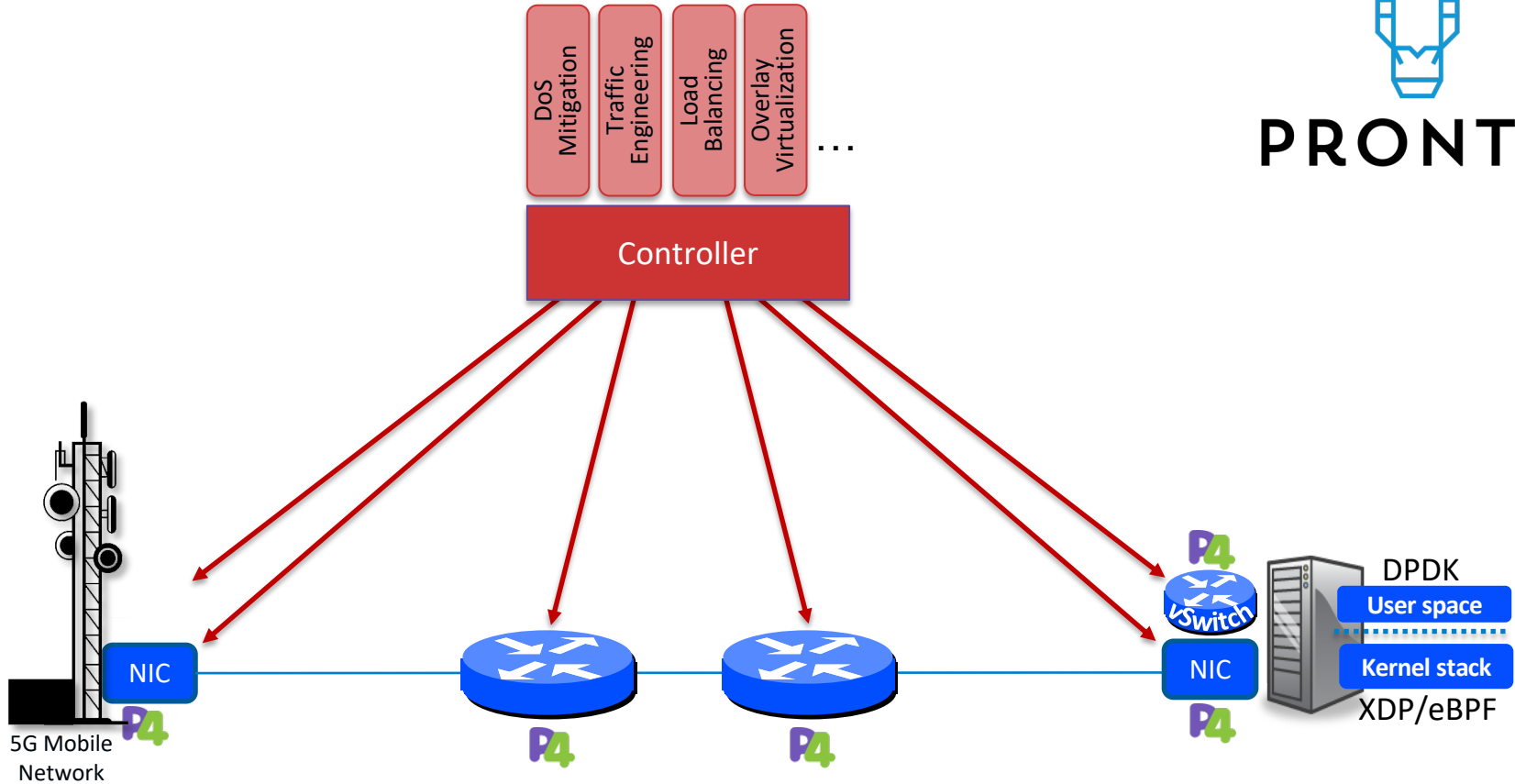
# Higher-Order Telemetry in the Data Plane

Jennifer Rexford  
Princeton University

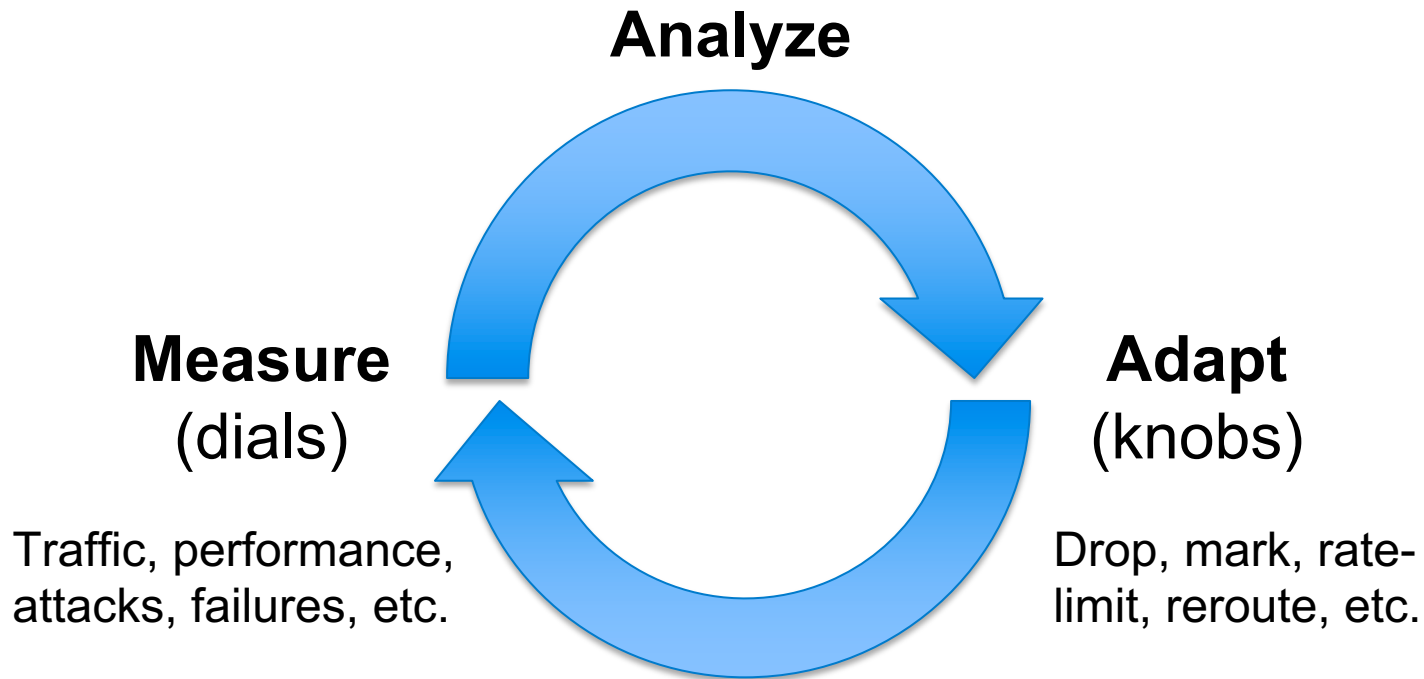
# Programmability Top-to-Bottom and End-to-End



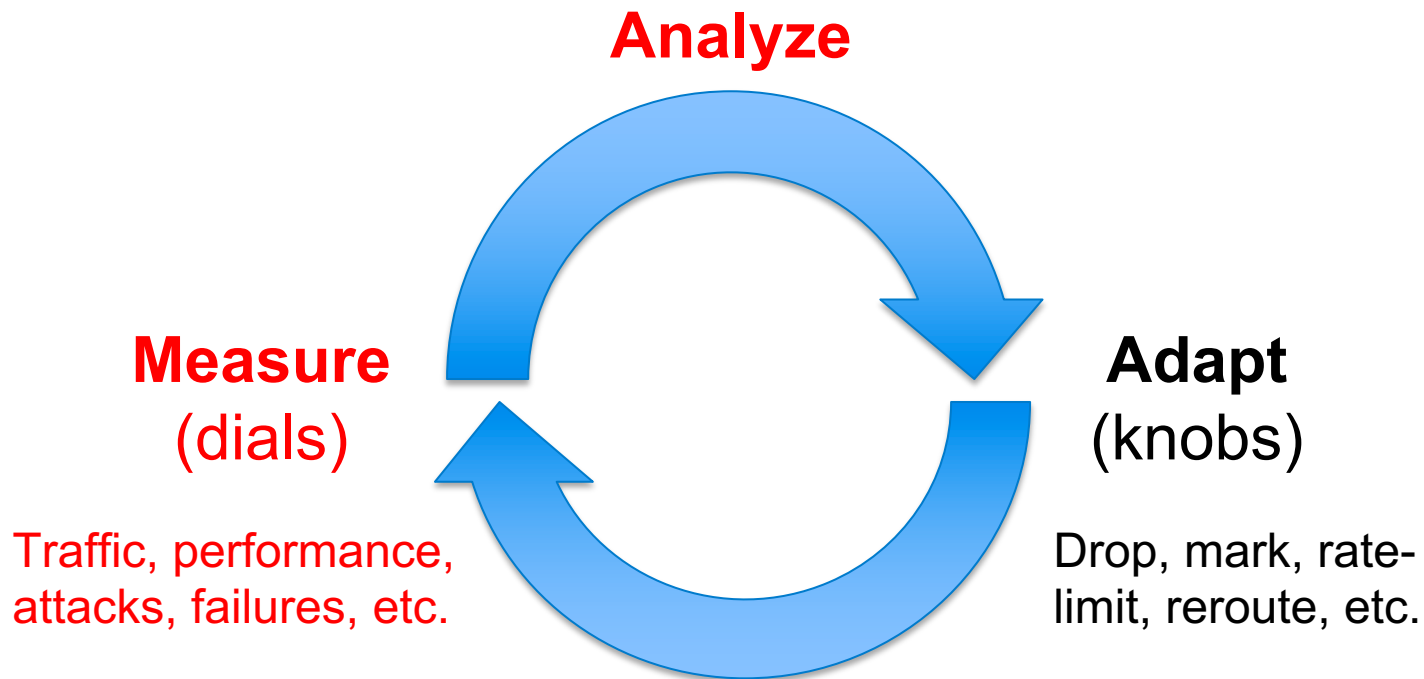
**PRONTO**



# Closing the Control Loop

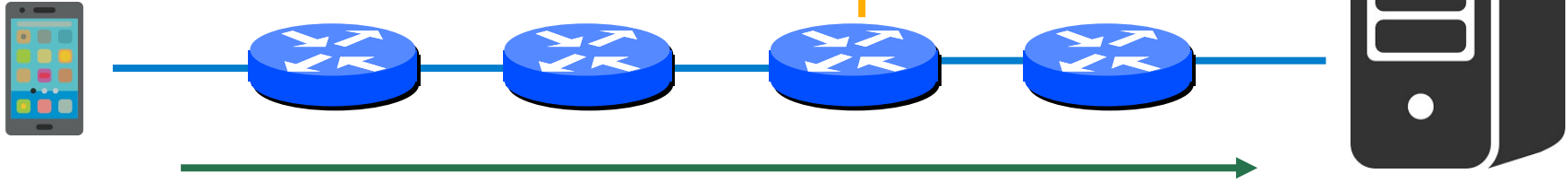


# Key Enabler: Network Telemetry



# Data-Plane Telemetry Today

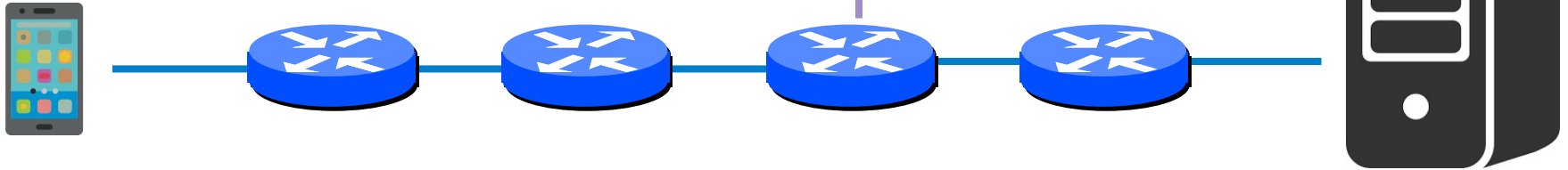
Counts based on network identifiers  
“67,845 bytes between 1.2.3.4 and 5.6.7.8”



Path measurements of individual packets  
“Queueing delay of 25 msec from 1.2.3.4 to 5.6.7.8”

# Higher-Order Telemetry in the Data Plane

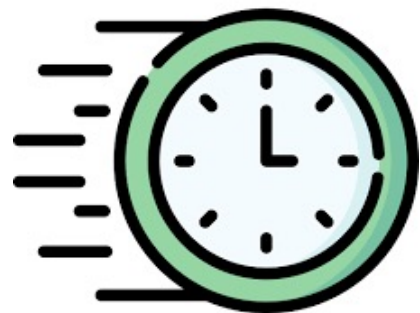
End-to-end performance for network services  
“50 msec **round-trip time to Netflix**”



In the data plane for efficiency, privacy, and direct action!

# Higher-Order Data-Plane Telemetry: Performance

- From traffic counts to end-to-end performance
  - Traffic counts: # bytes, # packet losses, ...
  - Performance: round-trip-time
  - *Challenge*: join a packet with its ACK
- Example use cases
  - Service Level Agreement violations
  - BGP interception attacks
  - CDN replica selection
  - Video QoE inference



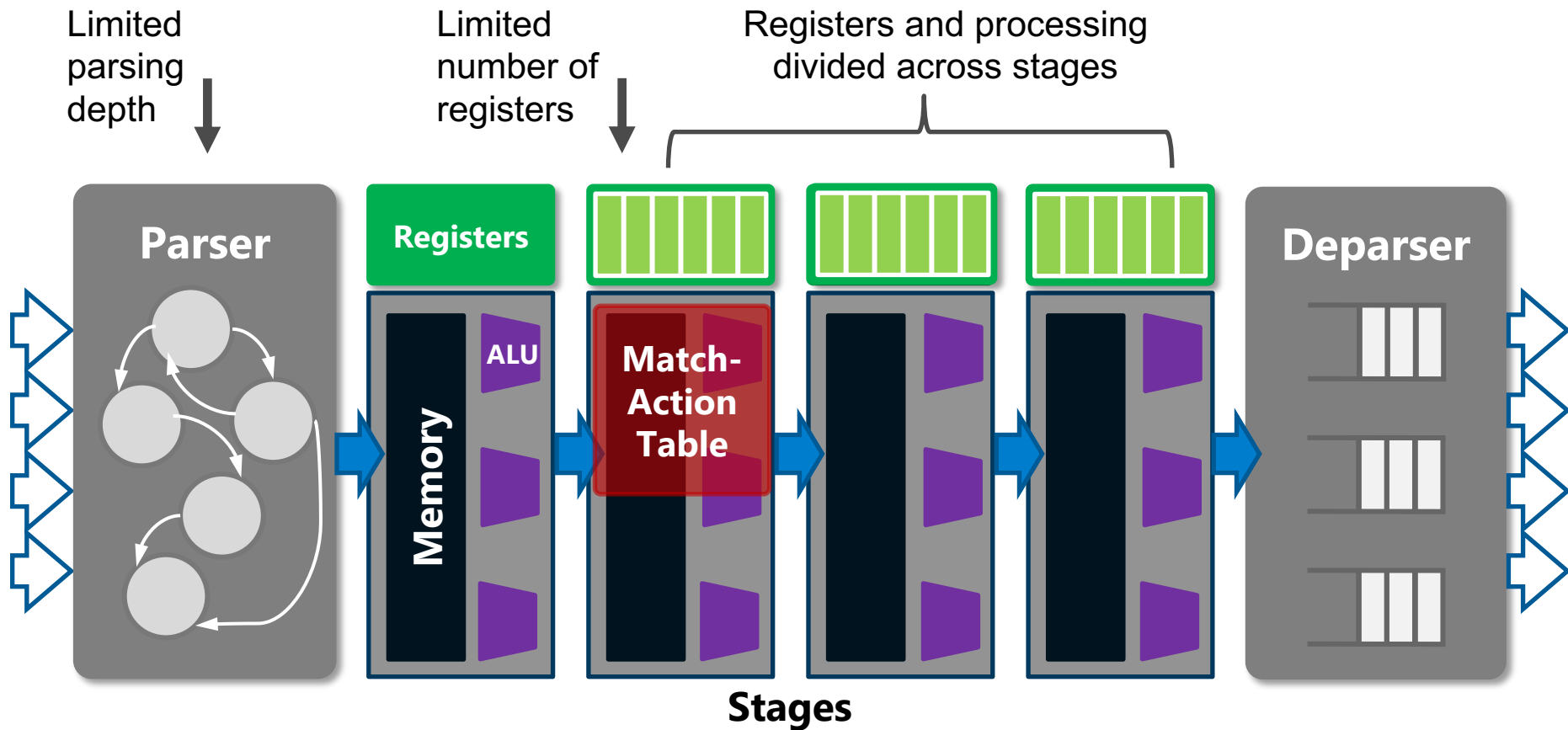
# Higher-Order Data-Plane Telemetry: Names

- From network identifiers to high-level names
  - Identifiers: IP addresses, TCP/UDP port numbers, ...
  - Names: domain names (e.g., \*.netflix.com)
  - *Challenge*: join DNS response with subsequent data packets
- Example use cases
  - Traffic volume by site name or class
  - Intrusion Detection System bypass
  - IoT device fingerprinting
  - DNS tunneling detection

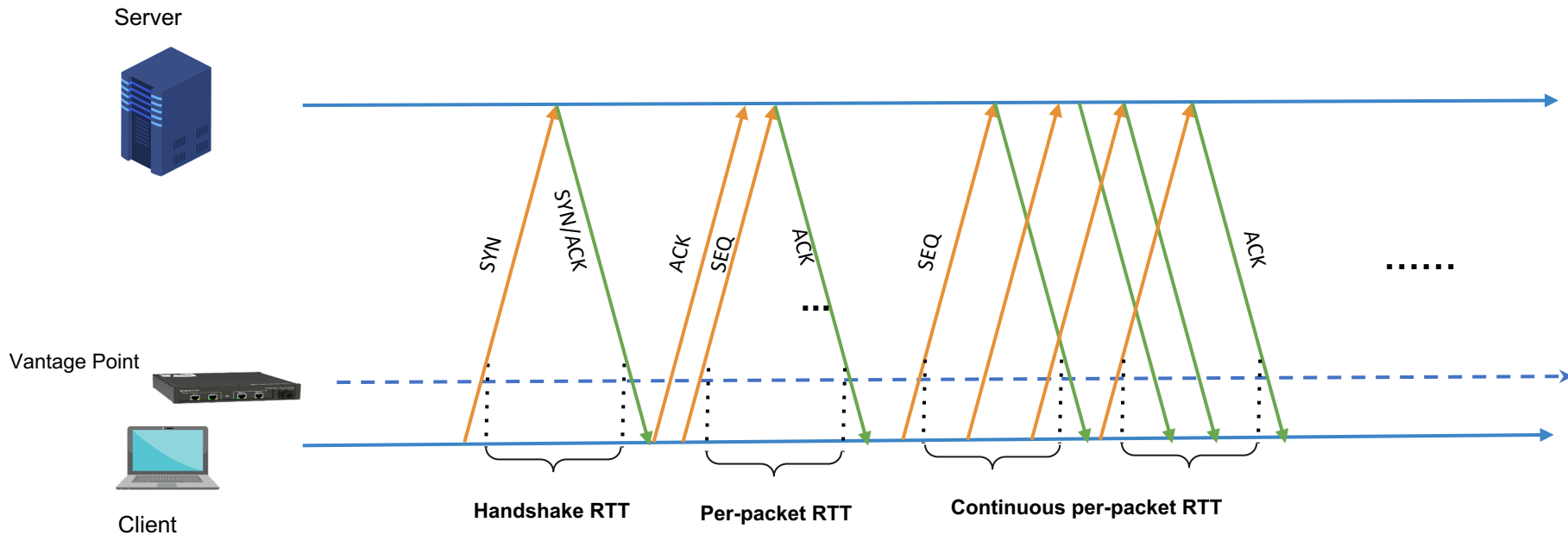




# Data-Plane Challenges

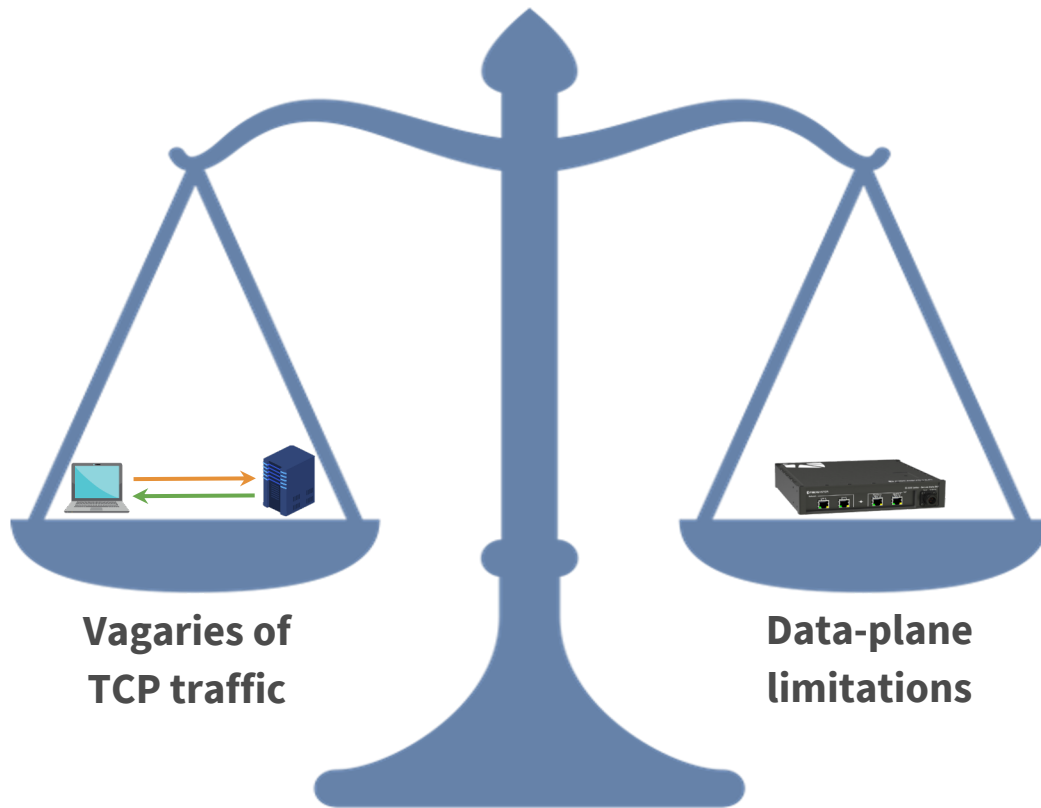


# Round-Trip Time Monitoring

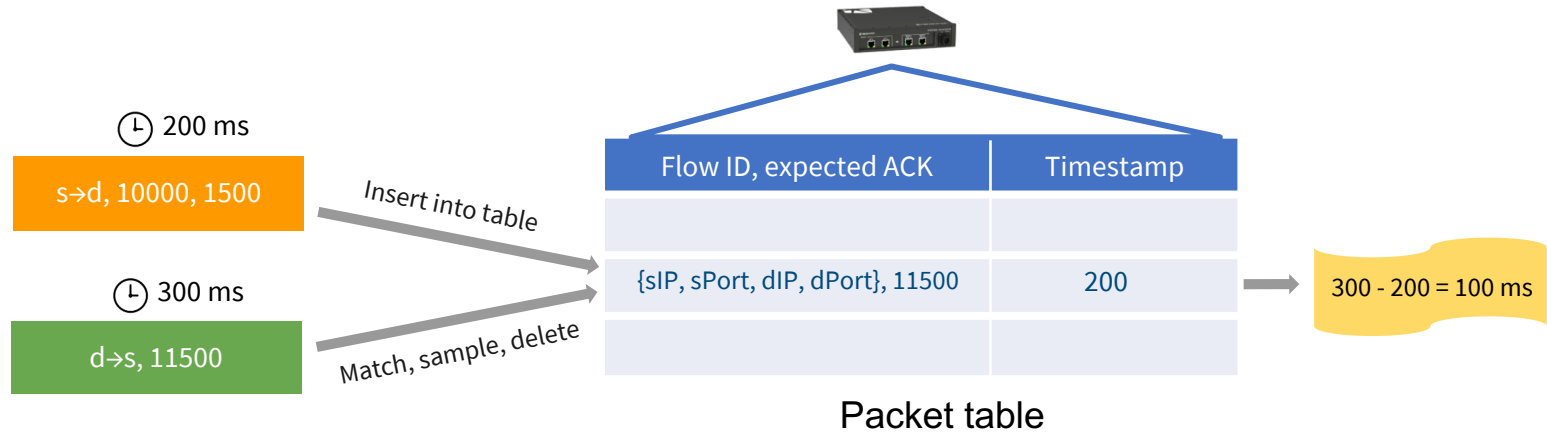
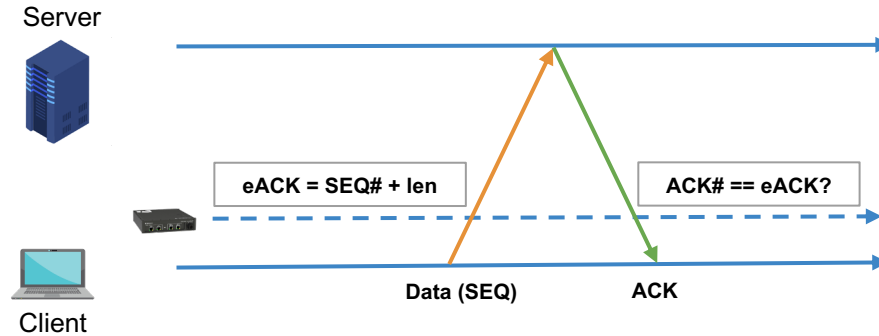


# RTT Challenges: Correctness and Efficiency

- Packet retransmission
- Packet reordering
- Multiple packets in flight
- Packets never ACKed
- Long round-trip times
- SYN floods and port scans
- Many active connections
- ...

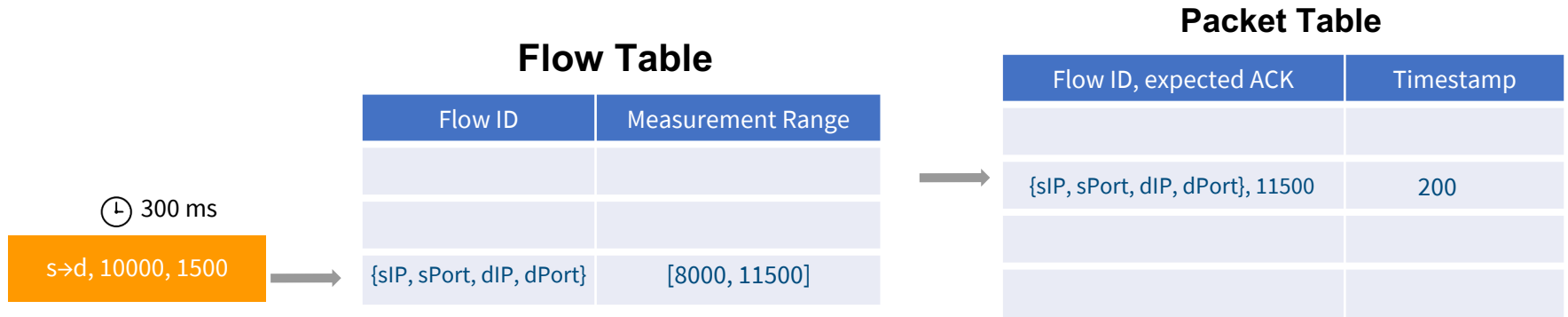


# Matching a Packet With its ACK



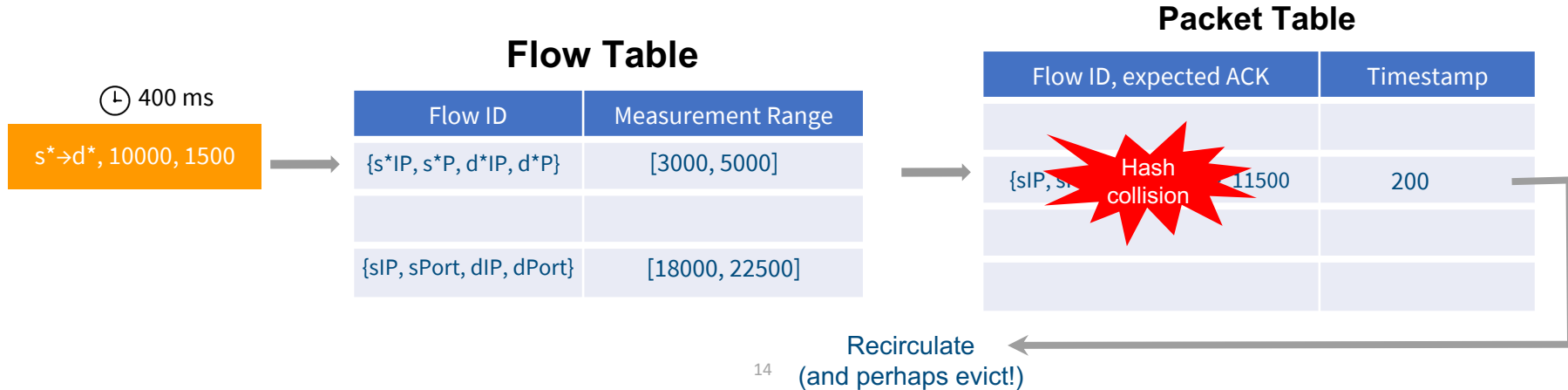
# Ensuring Correctness

- Flow table
  - Track sequence number range for valid samples
  - Avoid taking inappropriate RTT measurements



# Ensuring Efficiency

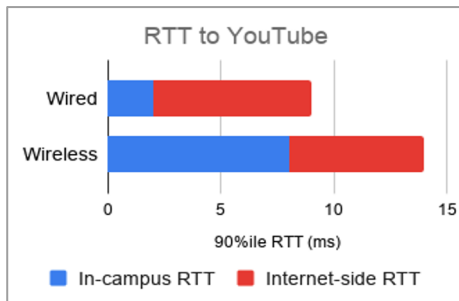
- Reducing memory pressure
  - Lazy eviction of packets that never produce RTT samples
  - Lazy eviction of inactive flows from flow table
  - No RTT samples for handshake packets (e.g., SYN flood)



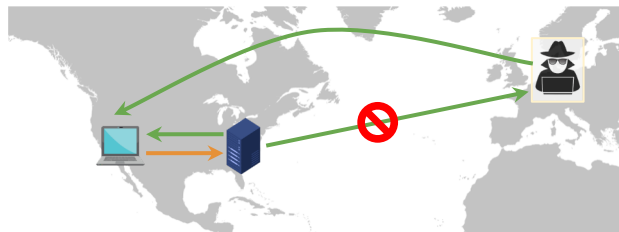
# Round-Trip Time Monitoring in the Wild

- Princeton campus traffic (p4campus.cs.princeton.edu)
  - Collects vast majority of viable RTT samples (vs. tcptrace)
- Prototype in progress on the Intel Tofino switch
- Evaluating practical use cases

Campus WiFi performance



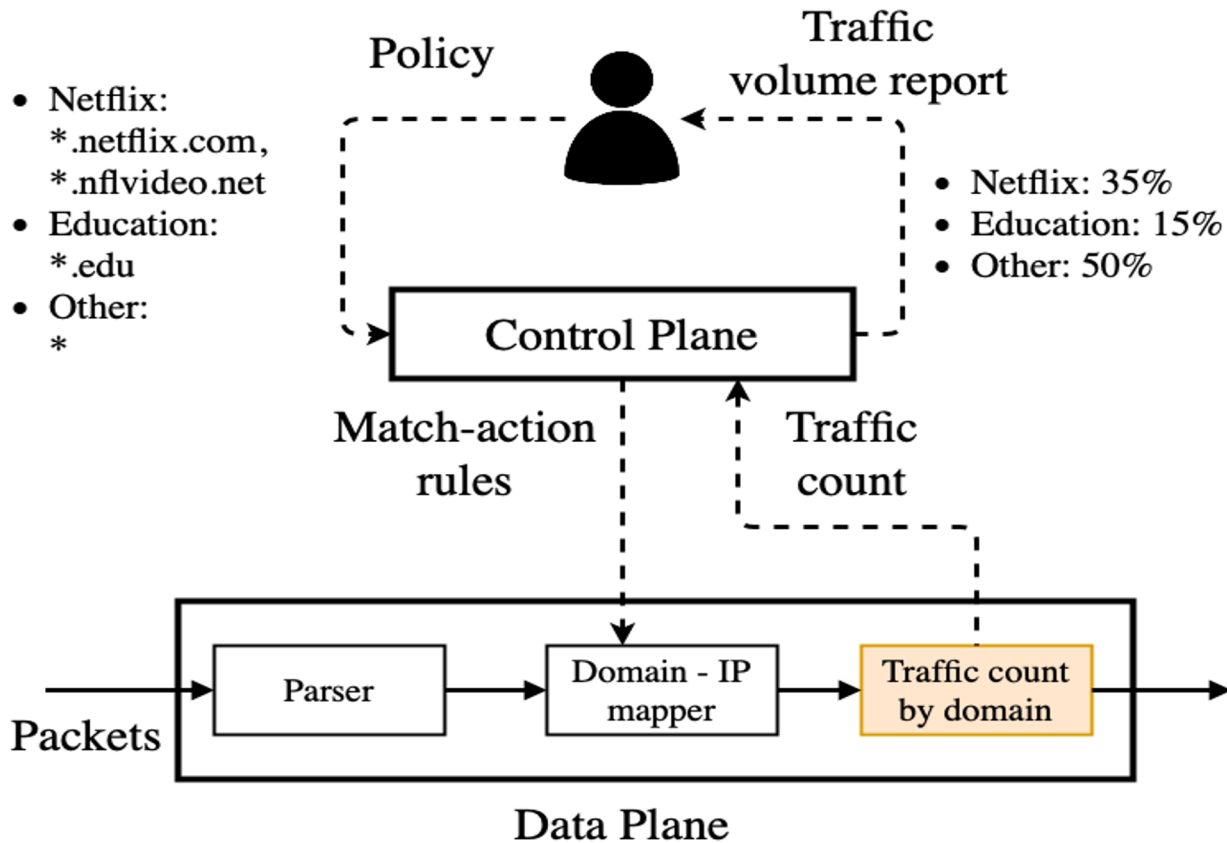
Detecting BGP interceptions



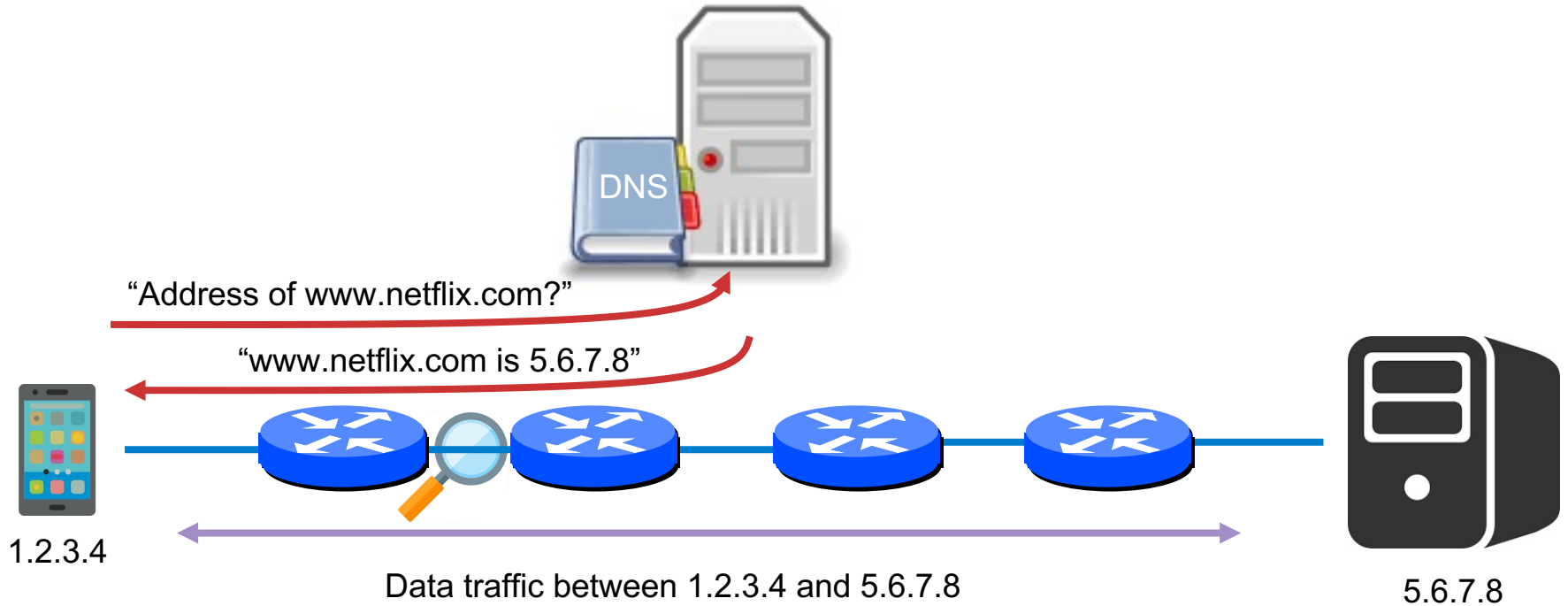
# Network Telemetry by Domain Name



# Network Telemetry by Domain Name

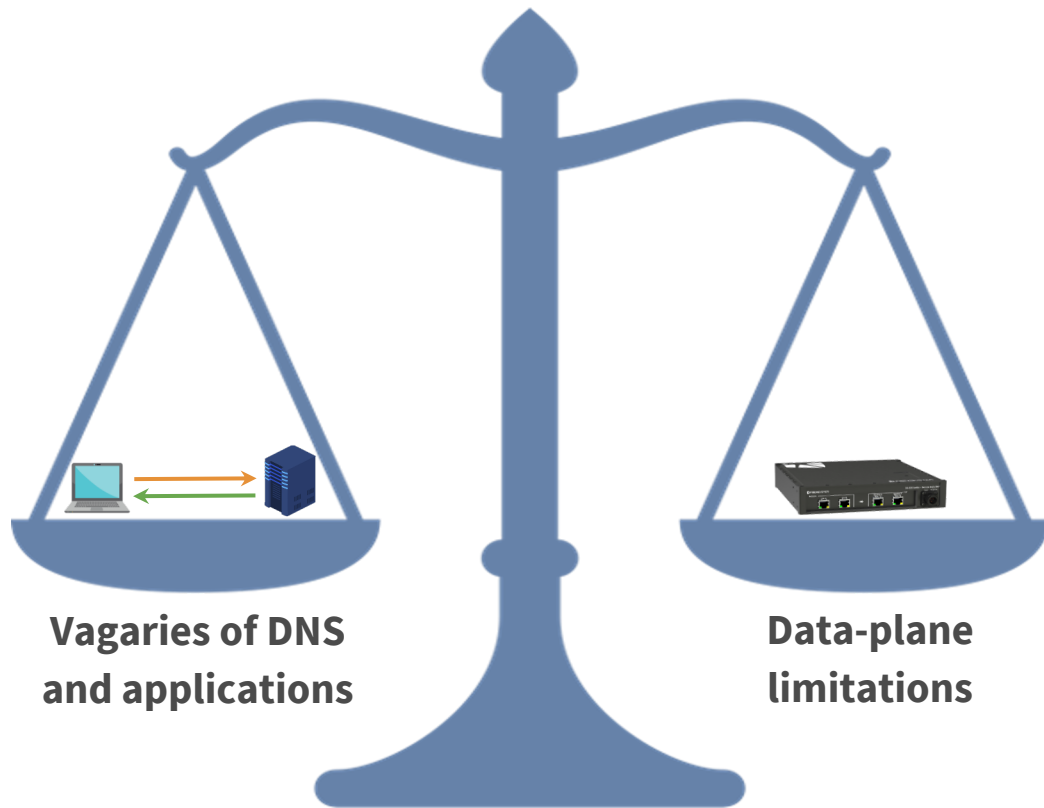


# DNS Response Message and Application Traffic

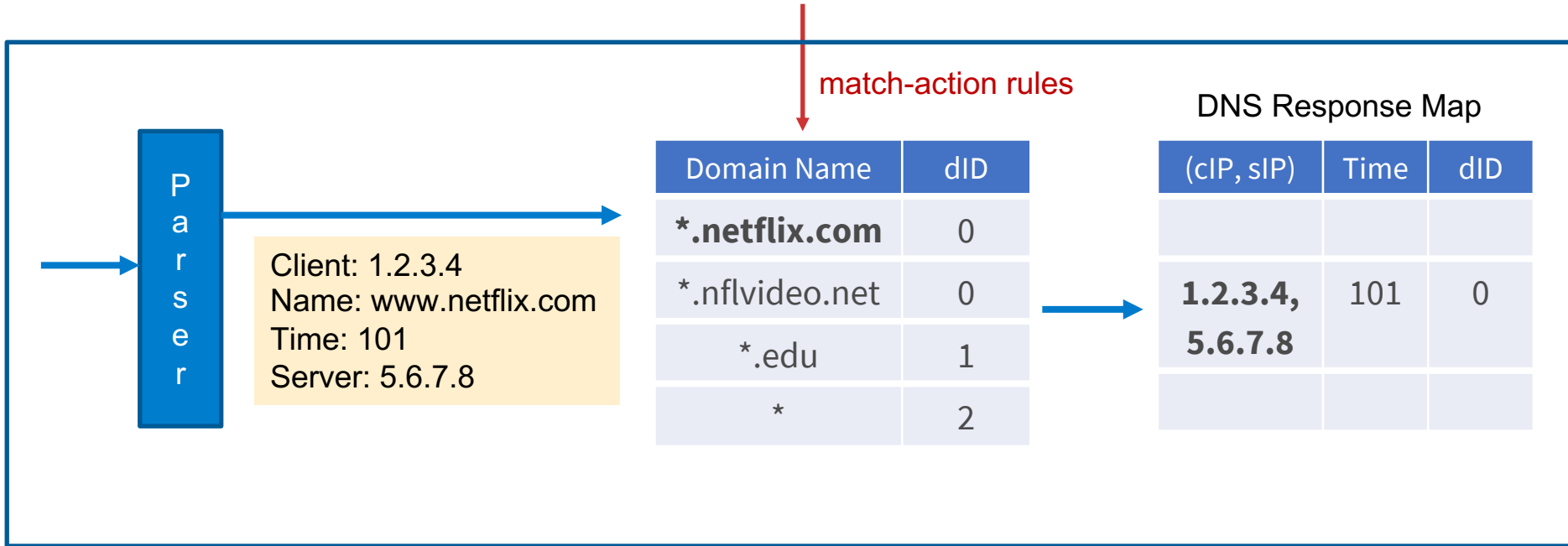


# DNS Telemetry Monitoring Challenges

- Long domain names
- Variable-length names
- Browser DNS caching
- Long-lived application sessions
- Many clients and services



# Storing DNS Response Data

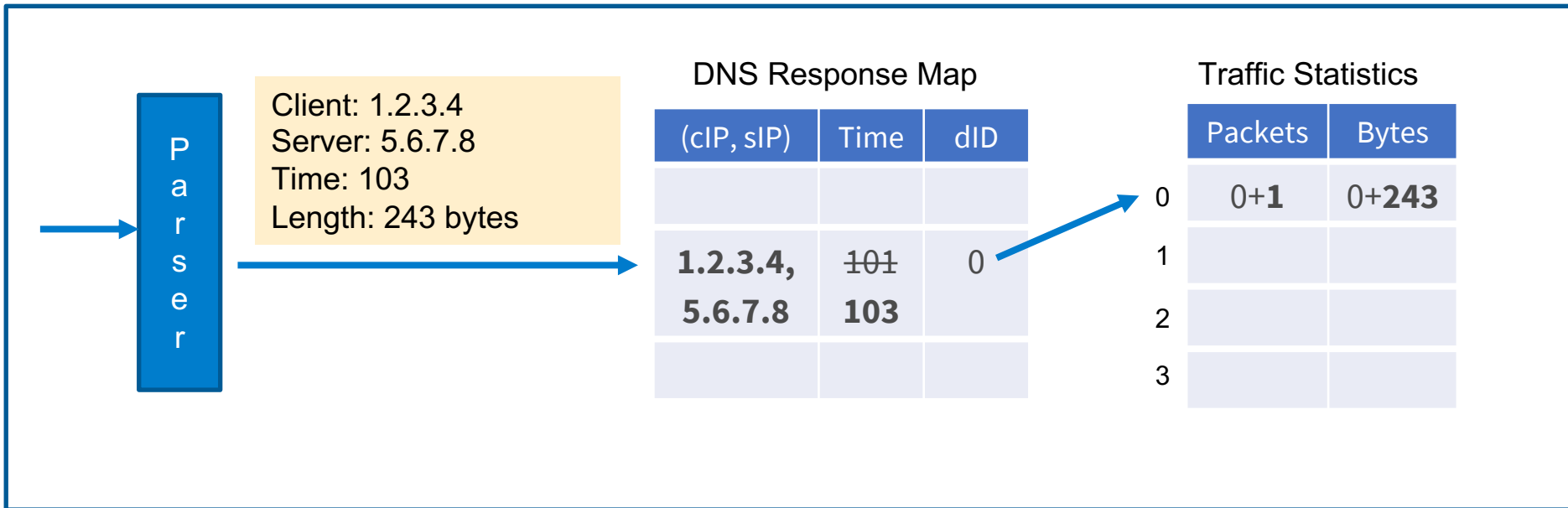


Limits on domain name parsing  
<15char>.<15char>.<15char>.<15char>  
(four parts, each at most 15 characters)

Domain IDs: Never store  
the domain names in  
DNS responses!

Lazy eviction of stale  
DNS Response data  
(100 sec timeout)

# Counting Data Traffic by Service



Maintaining freshness!

Counting traffic by service!

# Tofino Prototype and Deployment

- Tofino prototype ([github.com/jkim117/Meta4](https://github.com/jkim117/Meta4))

- Parses up to four 15-byte name labels
- 100-second DNS response timeout
- 2-stage,  $2^{16}$  entry DNS response table

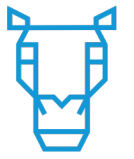


- Princeton deployment highlights

- 8-11am: 33% Skype/Microsoft Teams
- 3-3:15pm: 16% Steam Games, 12% Facebook
- DNS tunneling and IoT device fingerprinting use cases

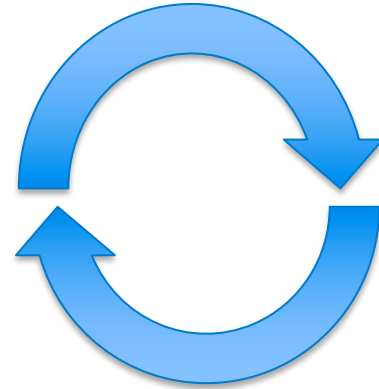


# Conclusion



**PRONTO**

- Network telemetry
  - Enables the network “control loop”
- Higher-order telemetry
  - Performance (e.g., RTT)
  - Services (e.g., domain names)
- Enables a rich set of use cases
- Possible in high-speed data planes!





## Learn More

X. Chen, H. Kim, J. Aman, W. Chang, M. Lee, J. Rexford, “Measuring TCP round-trip time in the data plane,” *ACM SIGCOMM Workshop on Secure Programmable Network Infrastructure*, SPIN 2020.

[https://p4campus.cs.princeton.edu/pubs/rtt20\\_paper.pdf](https://p4campus.cs.princeton.edu/pubs/rtt20_paper.pdf)

S. Sengupta, H. Kim, J. Rexford, “Fast and accurate passive round-trip time measurement in the data plane,” May 2021.

<https://p4campus.cs.princeton.edu/pubs/P4-RTT.pptx>

J. Kim, H. Kim, J. Rexford, “Analyzing traffic by domain name in the data plane,” May 2021.

[https://p4campus.cs.princeton.edu/pubs/Meta4\\_sigconf-latest.pdf](https://p4campus.cs.princeton.edu/pubs/Meta4_sigconf-latest.pdf)

## Thank You!

Jennifer Rexford

<http://www.cs.princeton.edu/~jrex>