P4 User Plane Function (P4-UPF)

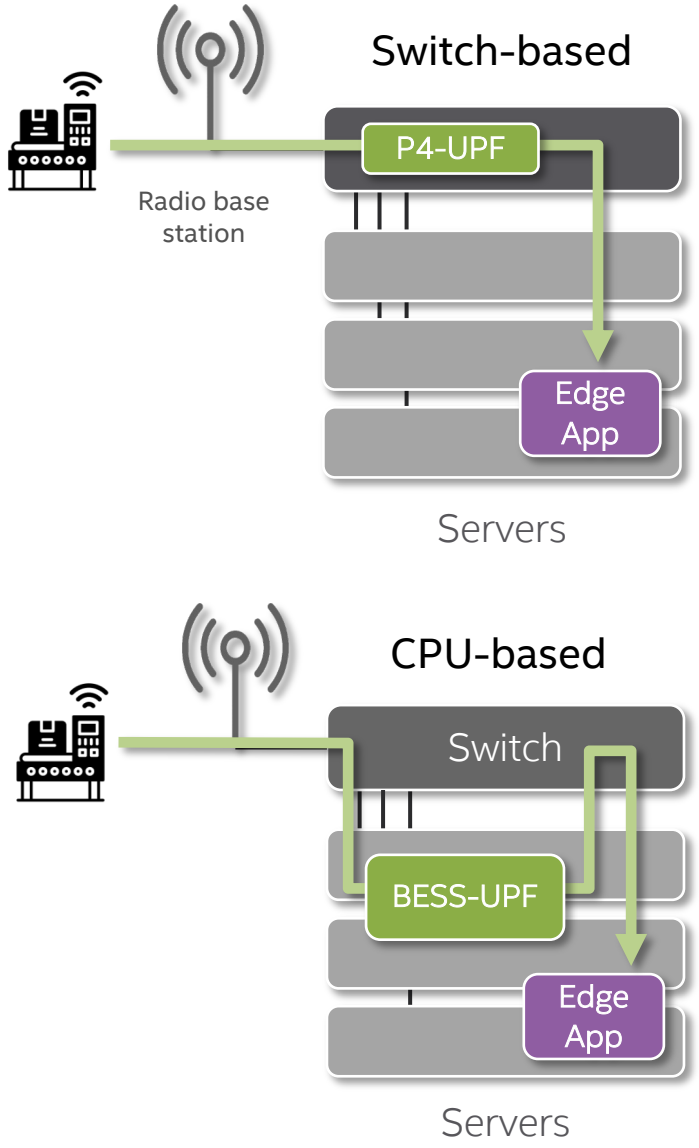
SD-Fabric Tutorial – Part 3

Part 3 Agenda

- P4-UPF architecture and pipeline design
- Hands-on lab
  - Configure P4-UPF
  - Generate traffic
  - Observe GTP-U termination performed by switches

Switch-Based P4-UPF

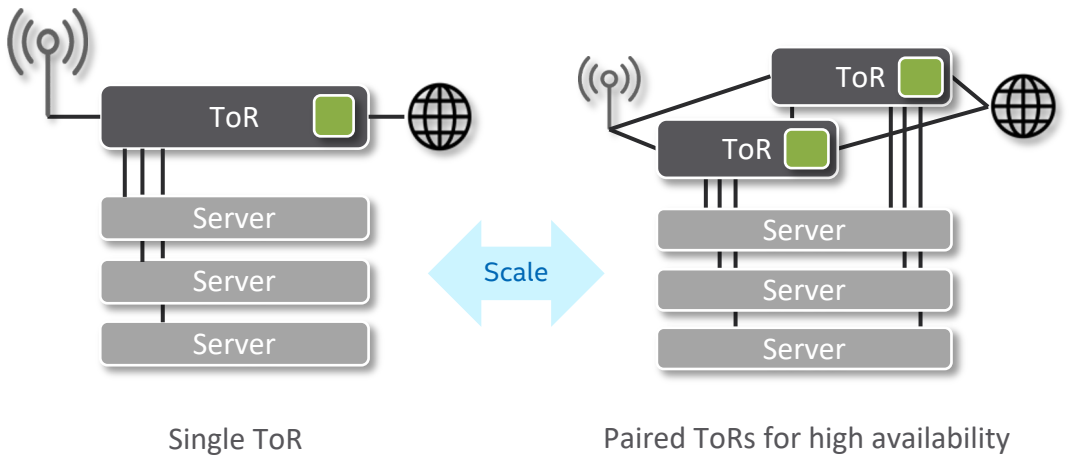
- **Frees up CPU resources**
  - To be used by edge applications
  - UPF data path fully offloaded to switches
- **Addresses Industry 4.0 requirements**
  - Ultra low latency (<1.5µs) and jitter (<4ns)
  - Tbps throughput
- **Tailored for enterprise and IoT use cases**
  - GTP-U termination (incl. 5G extensions)
  - Application filtering (ACL)
  - Slicing & QoS
  - Usage reporting
  - Idle-mode buffering (cloud-native service)
- **INT visibility for SLA validation**
  - Monitor flows inside GTP-U tunnels
  - Support UPF-specific drop reasons



BESS: Berkeley Extensible Software Switch

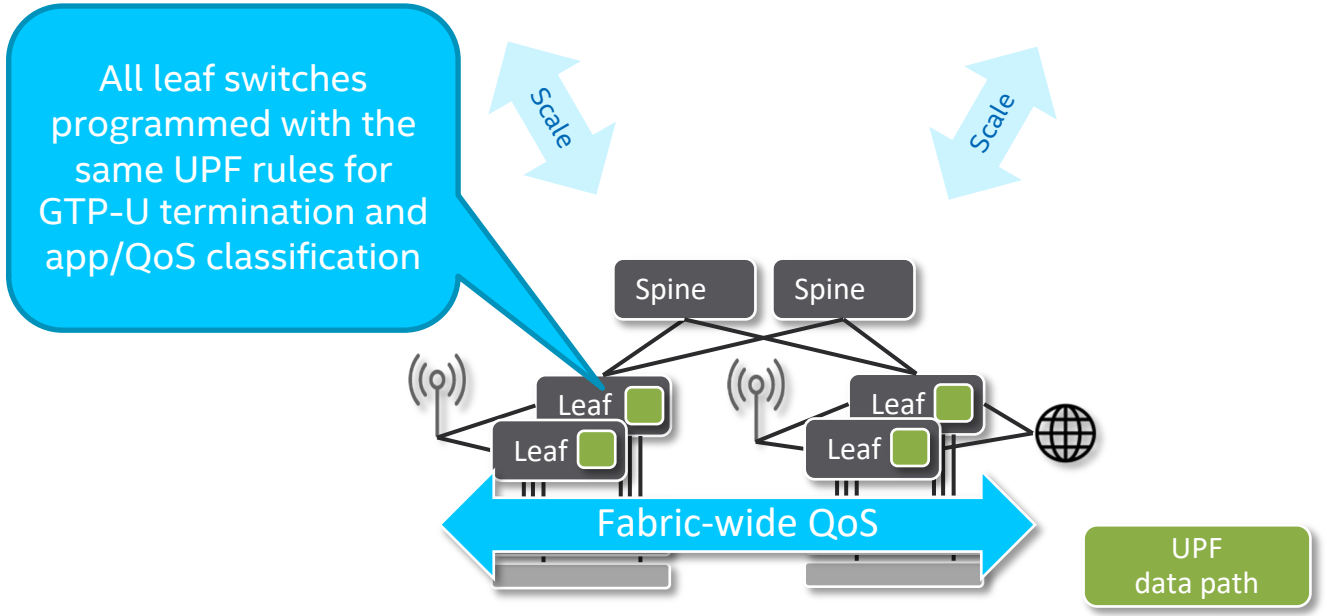
Distributed UPF Data Path

- **Minimum latency**
  - Tunnels terminated at the ingress leaf, without detouring through additional devices
- **Fast failover**
  - With paired-ToRs, if one switch fails, the other can take over as it is already programmed with the same rules.
- **Fabric-wide QoS**
  - packets are classified as soon as they hit the first leaf. We then use a custom DSCP-based marking to enforce the same QoS at each hop.



Single ToR

Paired ToRs for high availability

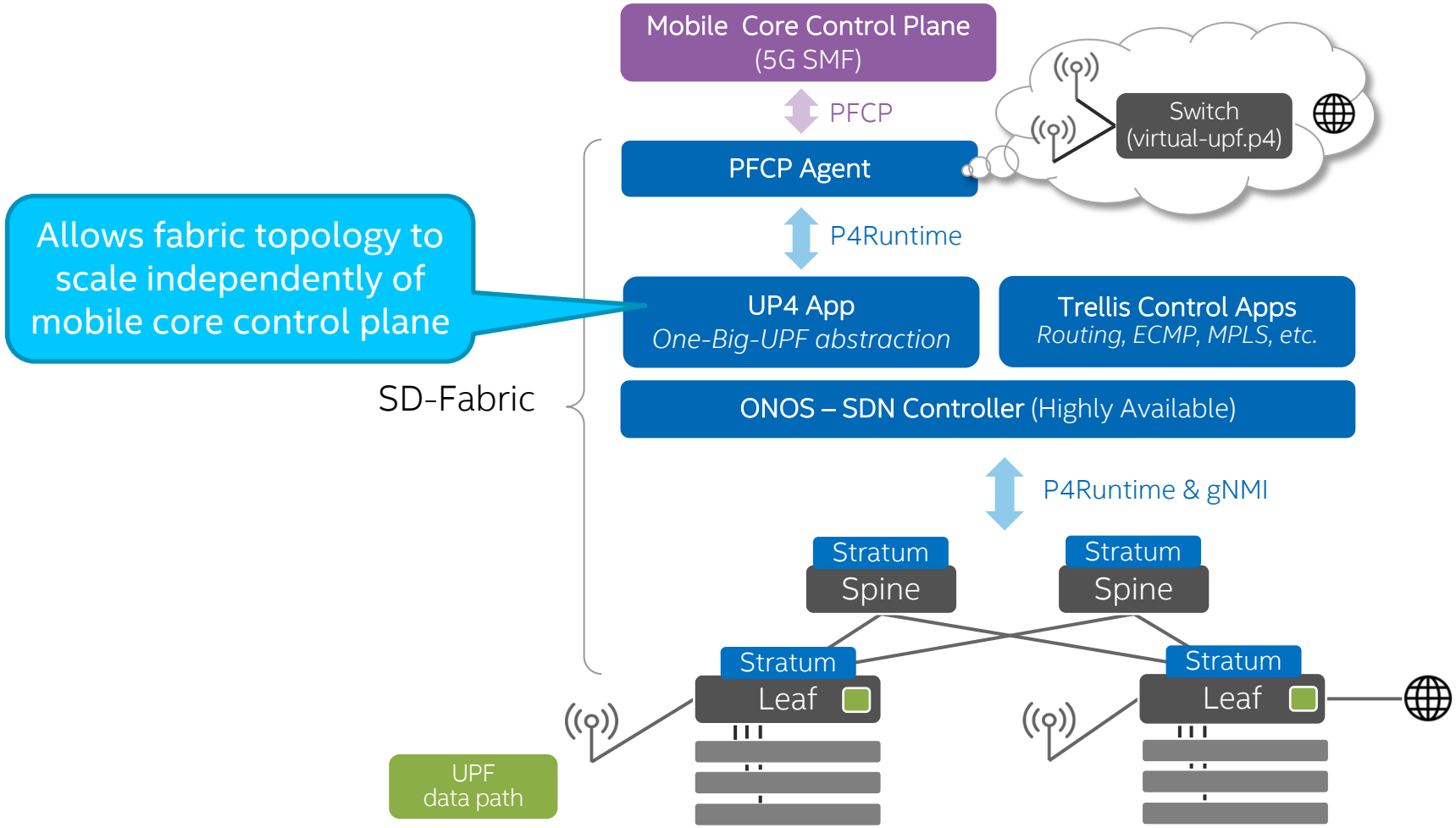


Leaf-spine for multi-rack deployments

QoS: Quality of Service

Integration with Mobile Core

Via One-Big-UPF Abstraction

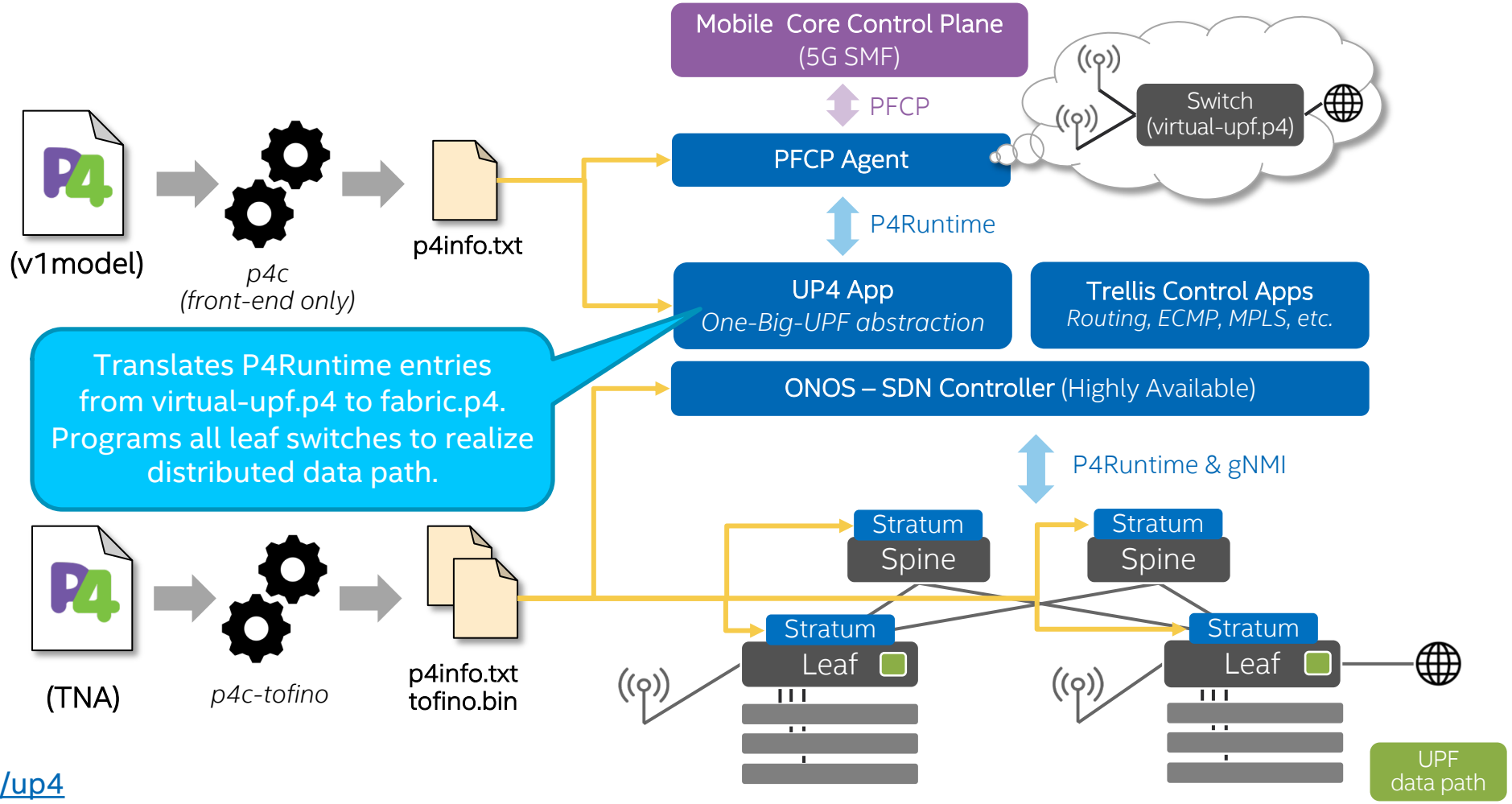


PFCP: Packet Forwarding Control Protocol
(3GPP standard interface)

Role of UP4 App

virtual-upf.p4
Defines only UPF tables, not optimized for any HW target

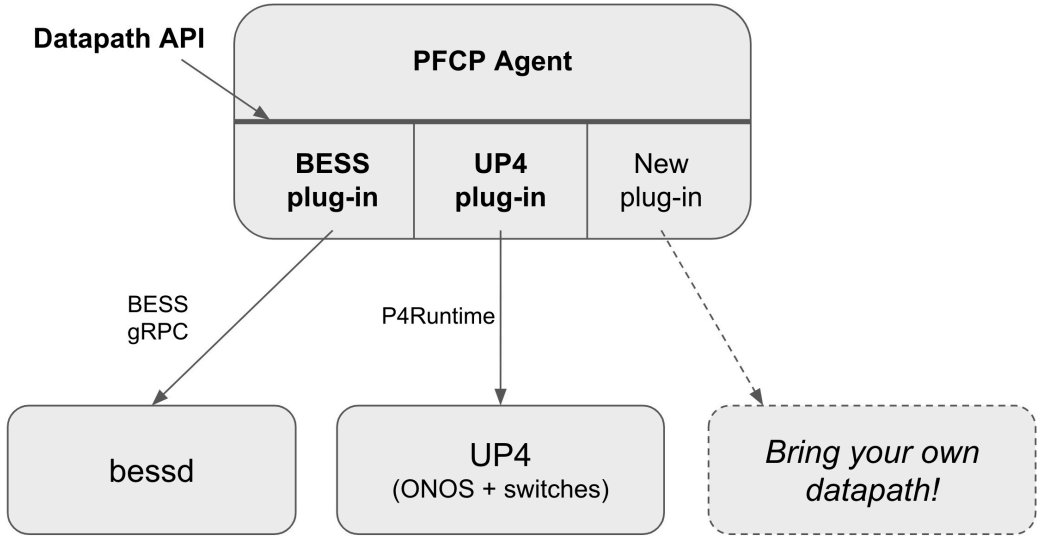
fabric.p4
Optimized for Tofino. Defines tables for UPF, routing, ECMP, MPLS, INT, etc.



https://github.com/omec-project/up4

Role of PFCP Agent

- Go-based micro-service
- Implement complex PFCP protocol once, for many data paths
- Main functions:
  - PFCP session handling
  - UE IP address allocation
  - Volume/time-based triggers for Usage Reporting Rules (URR)
  - Etc.
- Support multiple southbound protocols via plug-in mechanism

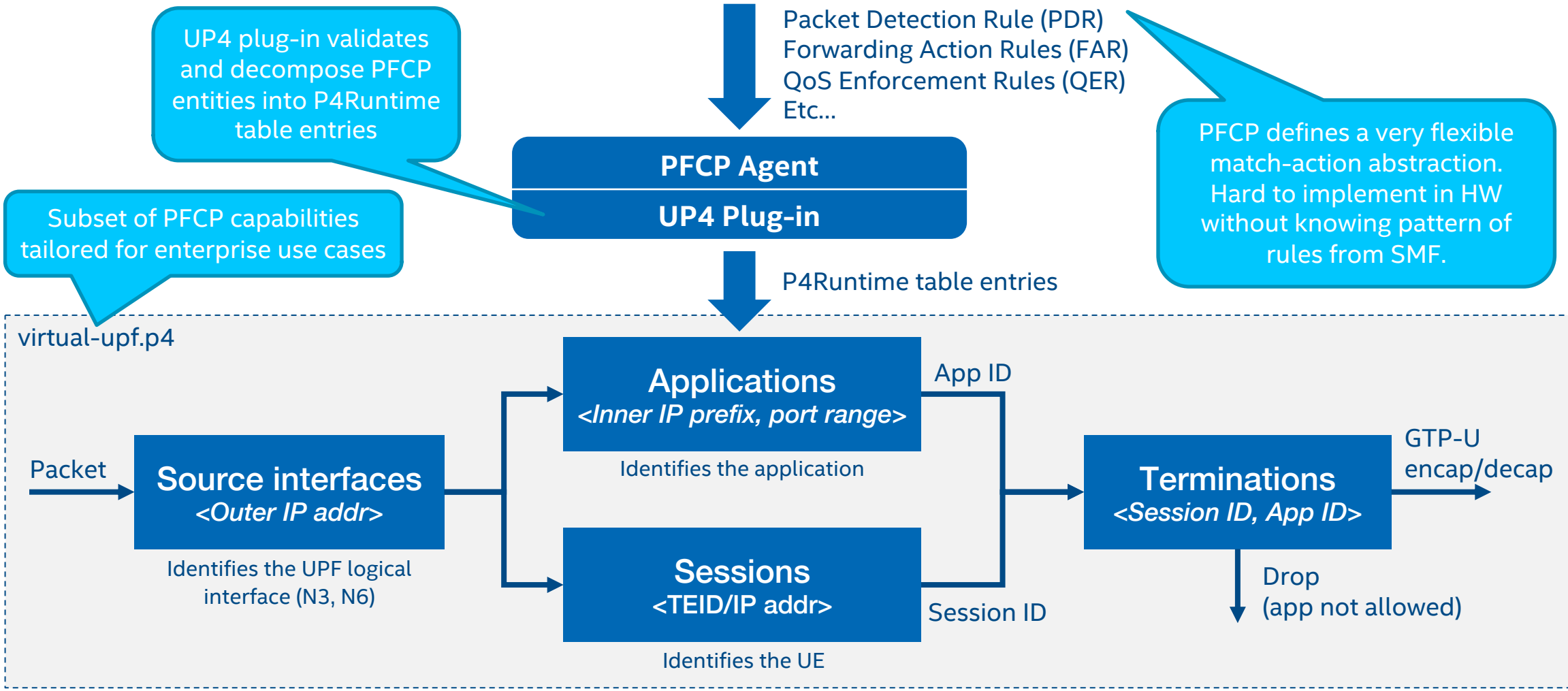


https://github.com/omec-project/upf

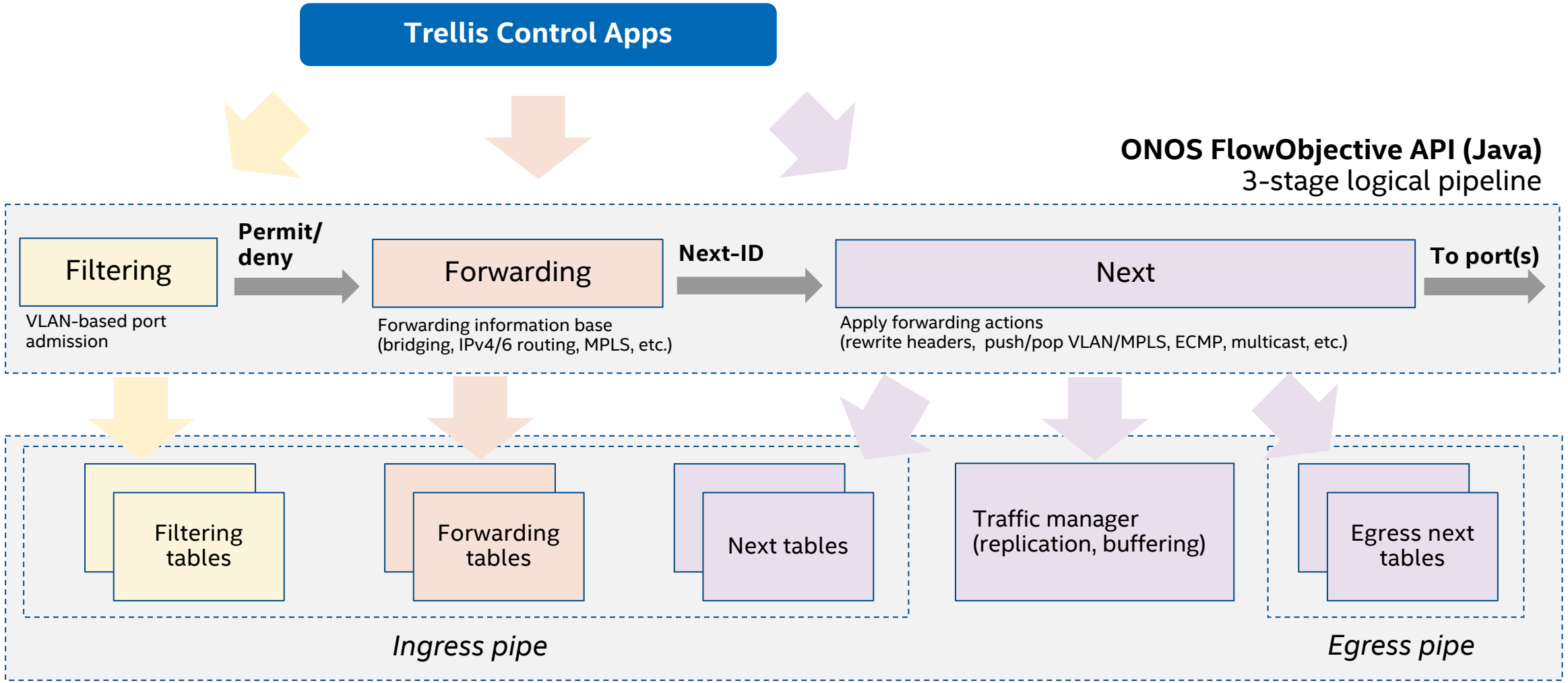
UPF P4 Pipeline Design

With an aside on fabric.p4

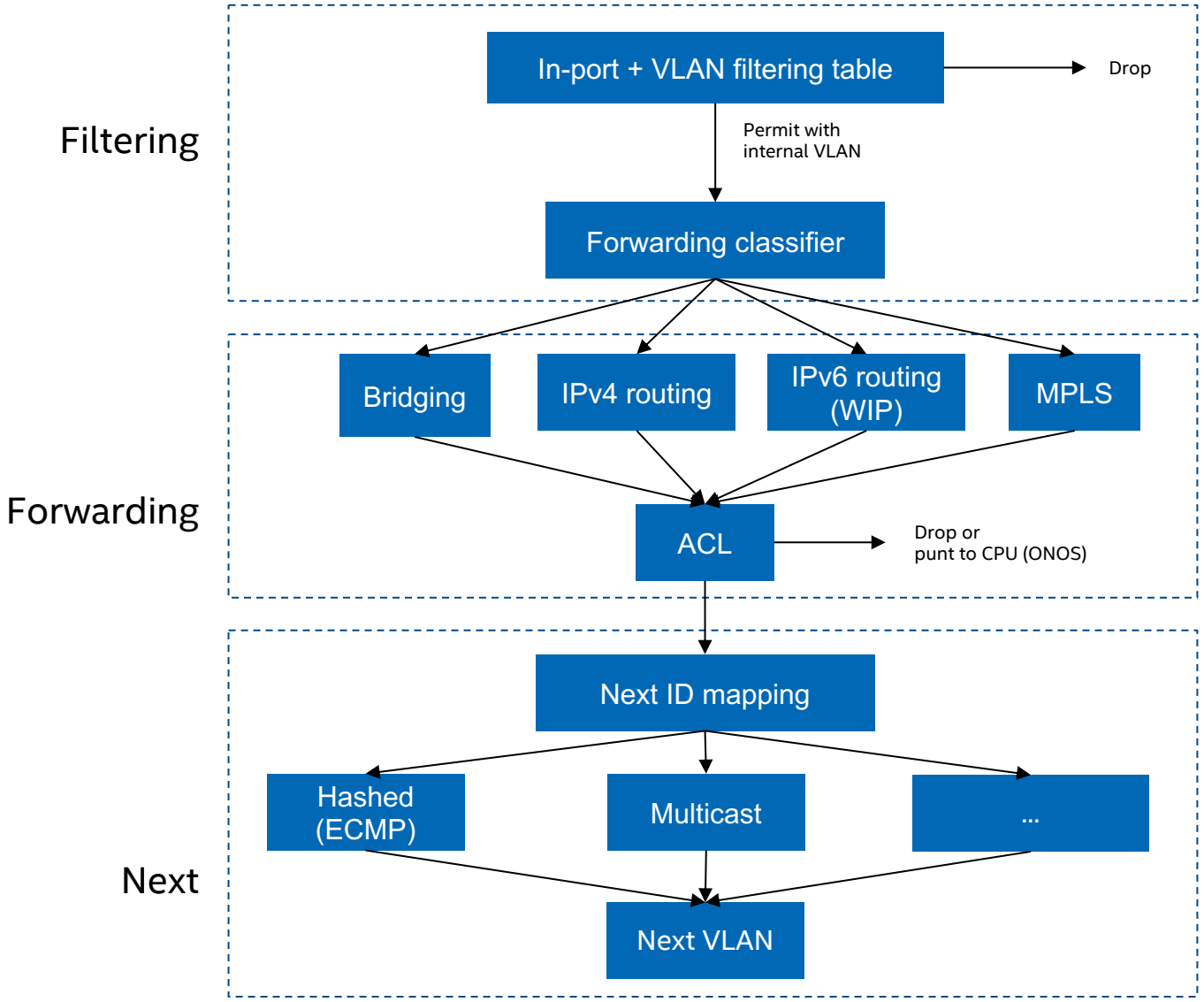
UP4 Logical Pipeline



An Aside: Fabric.p4 Design Rationale



Fabric.p4 Tables (Simplified)



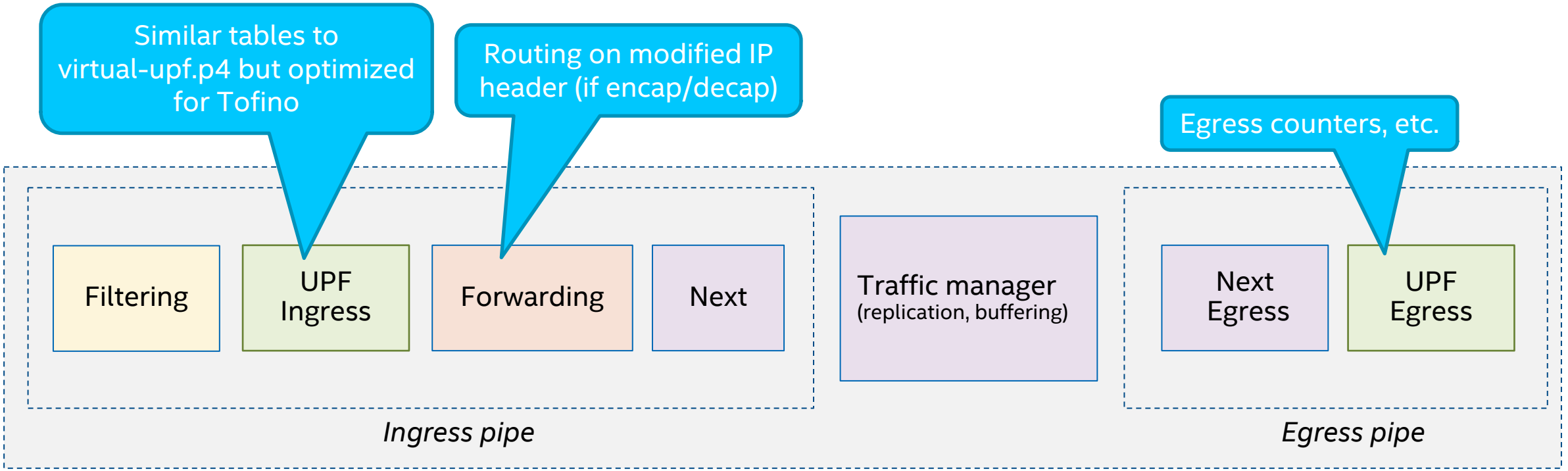
Compile-Time Profiles

- Same P4 program, multiple profiles
- Choose which capabilities to include via p4c preprocessor flags

Profile name	p4c preprocessor flags	Description
fabric	*None*	Basic fabric profile
fabric-upf	-DWITH_UPF	With UPF tables
fabric-int	-DWITH_INT	With Inband-Network Telemetry (INT) spec v0.5
fabric-upf-int	-DWITH_UPF -DWITH_INT	With both UPF and INT functions

https://github.com/stratumproject/fabric-tna

UPF Integration with Fabric.p4



fabric.p4 (fabric-upf profile)

P4-UPF Summary

What we talked about

- Distributed UPF data path
- Integration with 5G mobile core via:
  - PFCP-Agent: multiple southbound plug-ins
  - UP4 ONOS app: One-Big-UPF abstraction
- Two P4 programs:
  - Virtual-upf.p4: logical, API data model for UP4
  - Fabric.p4: runs on Tofino

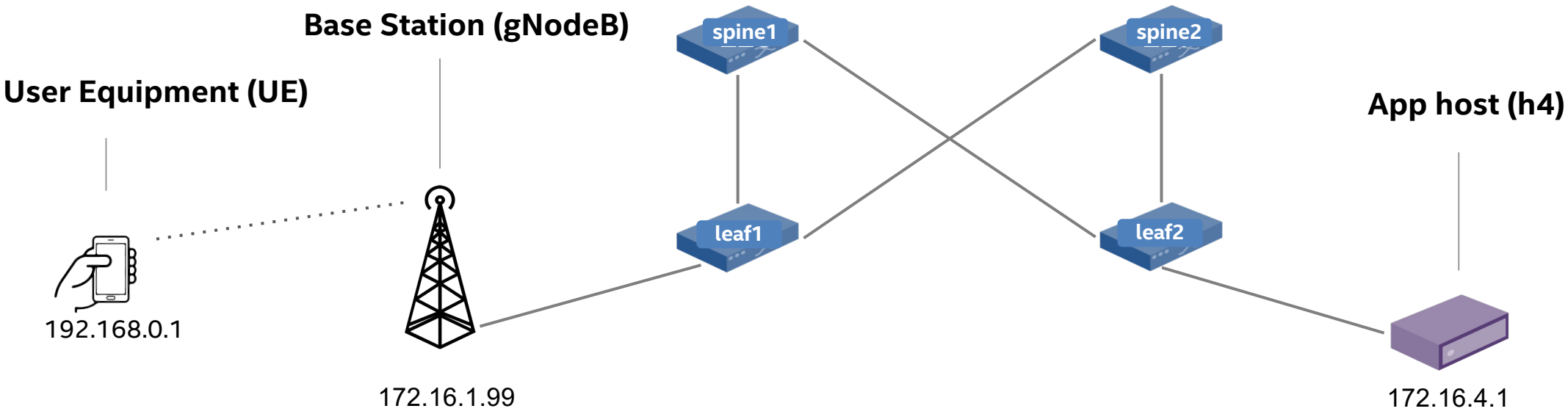
What we didn't talk about

- Idle-mode buffering
- Slicing & QoS
  - Dedicated tutorial session soon
- INT integration
  - Dedicated tutorial sessions soon
- Further reading:
  - docs.sd-fabric.org/master/advanced/p4-upf.html
  - R. MacDavid et al. A P4-based 5G User Plane Function, SOSR 2021

Exercise 2

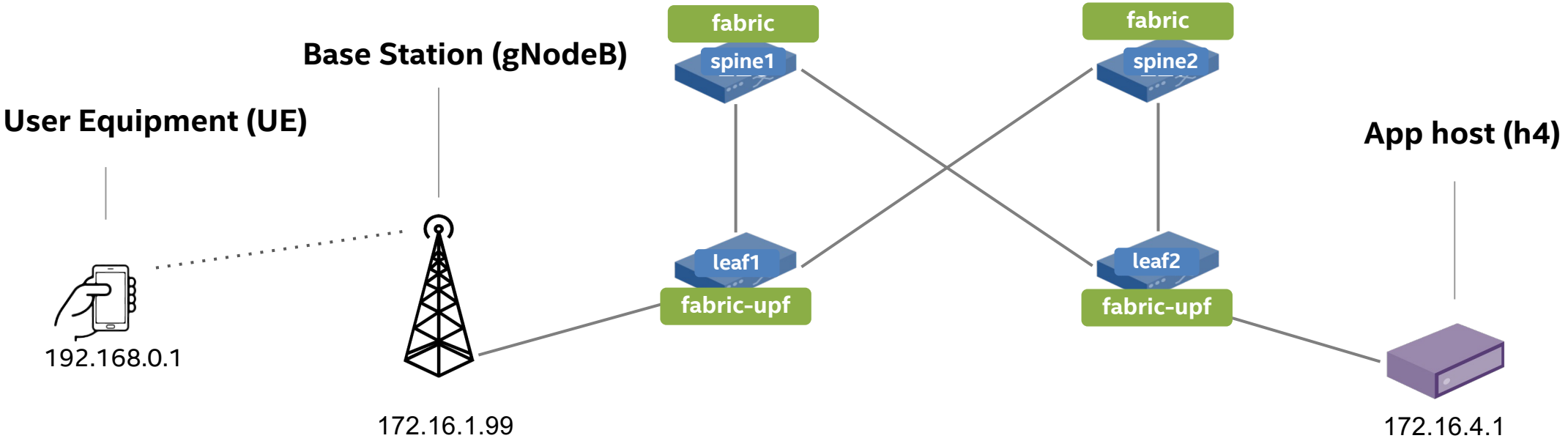
GTP-U Tunnel Termination with P4-UPF

Exercise 2 Overview



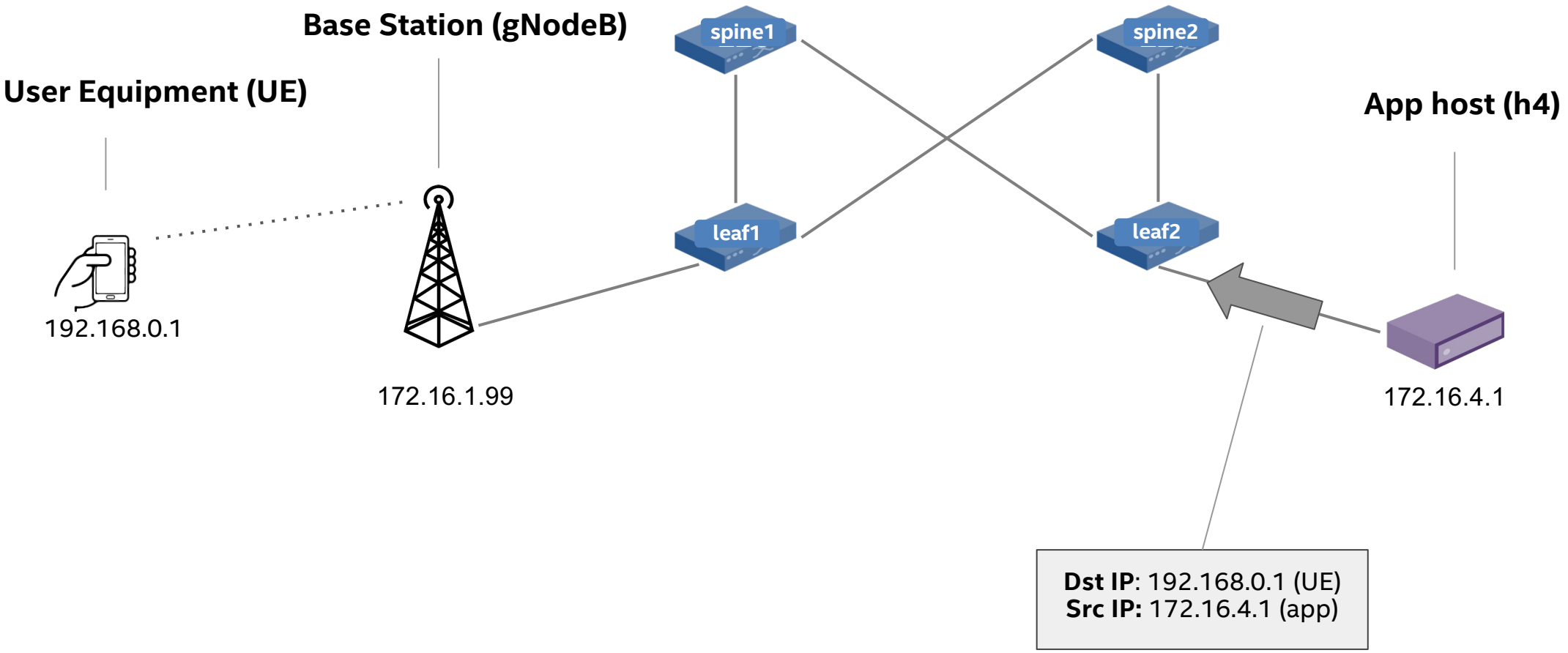
Same 2x2 leaf-spine fabric as in Exercise 1. We will use only two hosts: gNodeB (emulated) and app host

Exercise 2 Overview

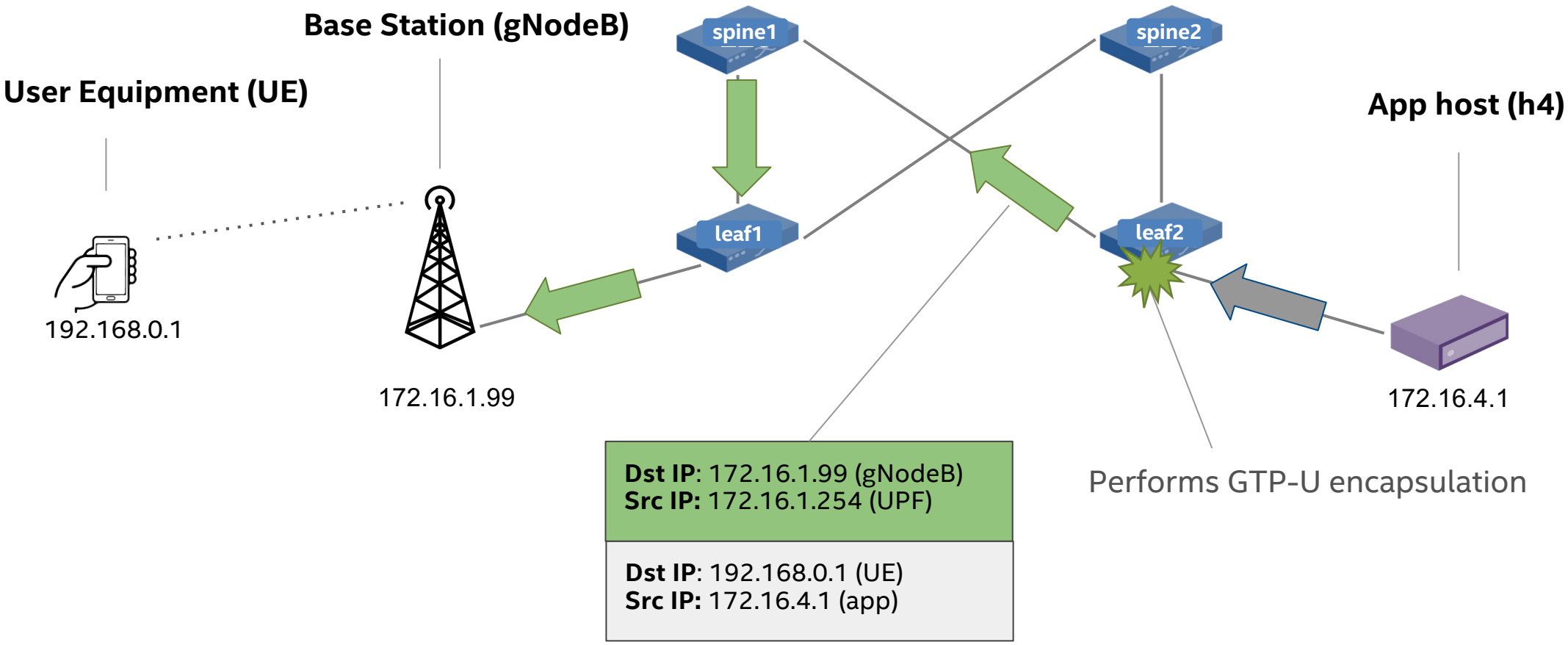


UPF function distributed on leaf1 and leaf2
(using fabric-upf pipeconf)

Exercise 2 Overview



Exercise 2 Overview



P4-UPF Workflow

3

- PFCP Association
- PFCP Session Establishment/Modification/Deletion

2

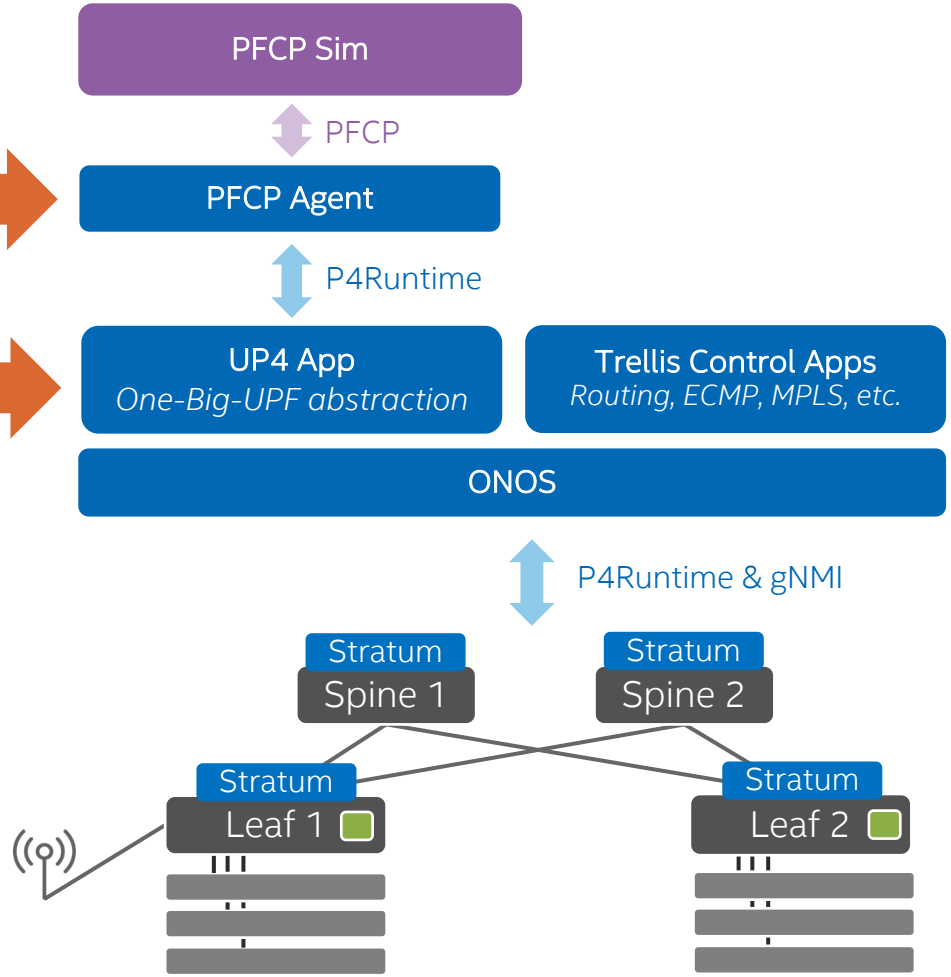
- Set UE subnet
- Set UPF IP address (N3)
- Set UP4 P4Runtime server

pfcp-agent.json

1

- Set UPF switches

netcfg-up4.json



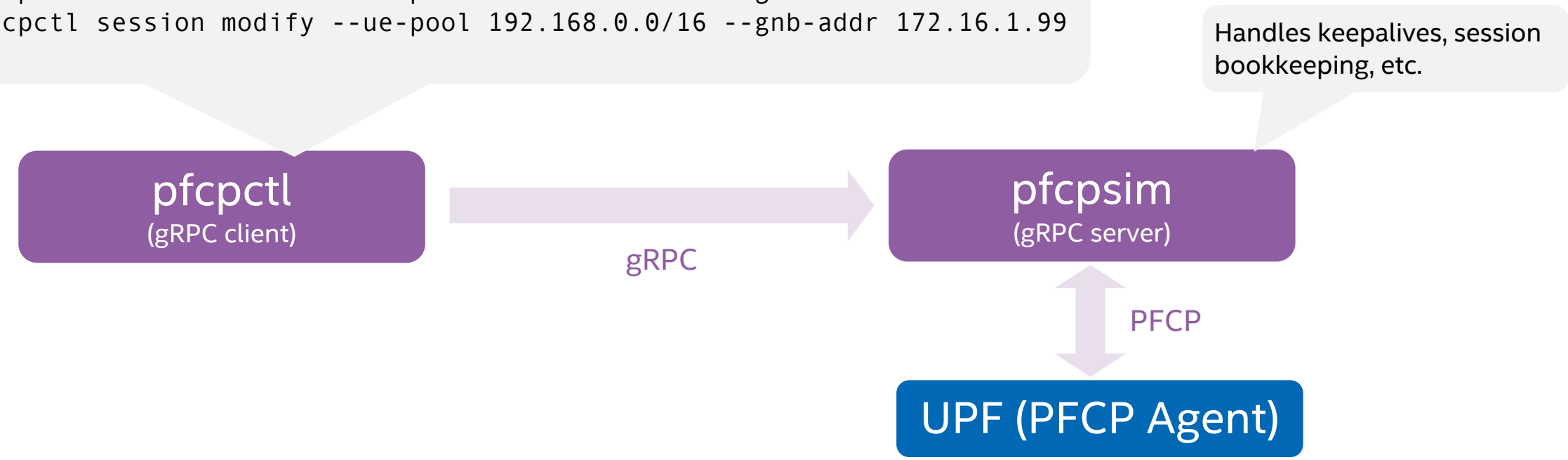
PFCP: Packet Forwarding Control Protocol (3GPP standard interface)

github.com/opennetworkinglab/sdfabric-tutorial

PFCP Sim

- Emulates 5G SMF
- CLI interface to manually set up UE sessions

```
pfcpctl service associate
pfcpctl session create --ue-pool 192.168.0.0/16 --gnb-addr 172.16.1.99
pfcpctl session modify --ue-pool 192.168.0.0/16 --gnb-addr 172.16.1.99
…
```

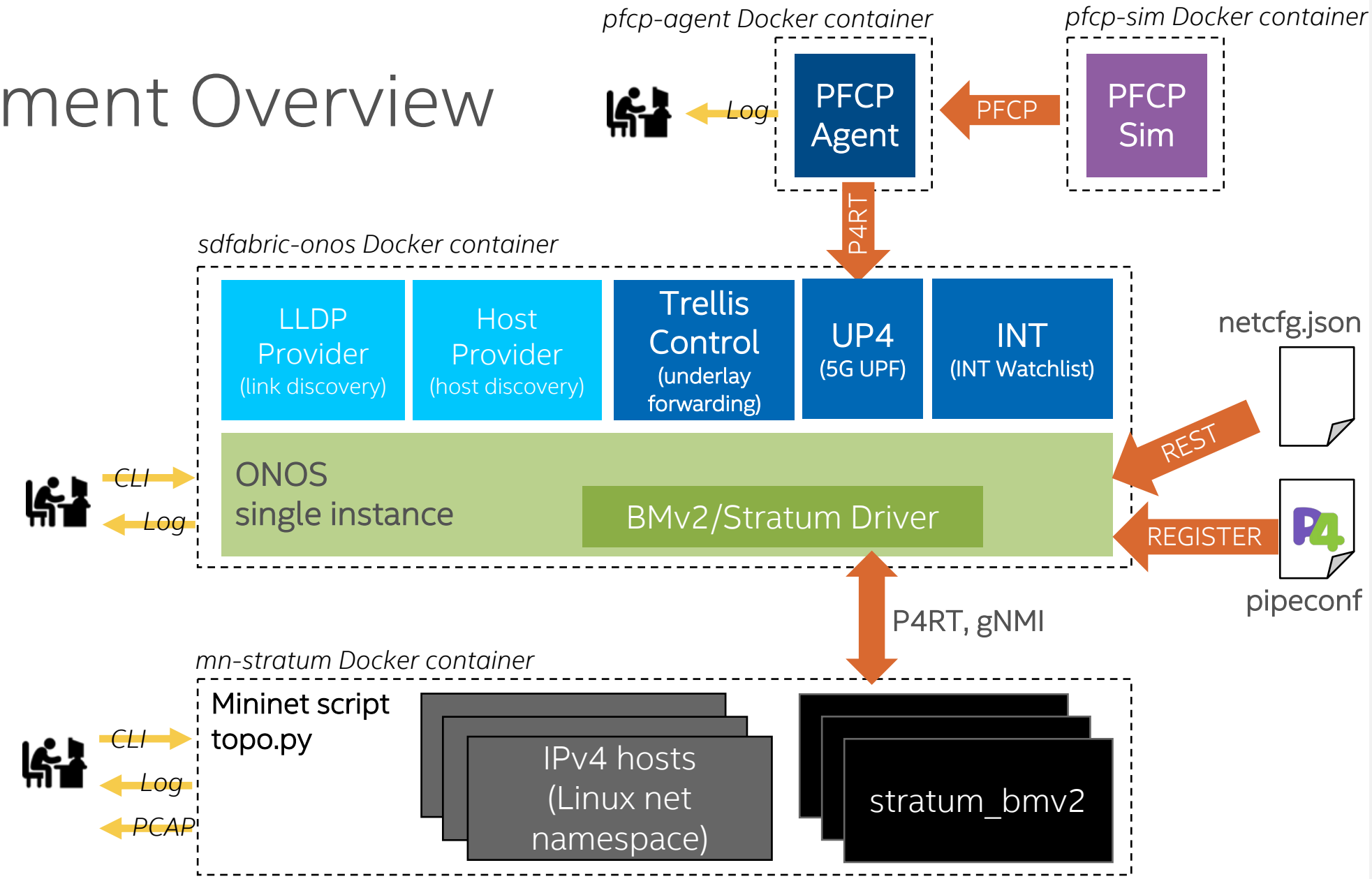


https://github.com/omec-project/pfcpsim

Environment Overview

Useful Commands

```
make deps
make start
make start-upf
make netcfg
make onos-cli
make onos-log
make mn-cli
make mn-log
make mn-pcap
make pfcp-log
```



Exercise 2 Steps

- Modify configuration files
- Start PFCP Agent
- Use pfcpctl to set up UE session
- Use Python scripts to generate and sniff traffic
- Verify that switch is performing GTP-U encapsulation as expected

Exercise 2: Get Started

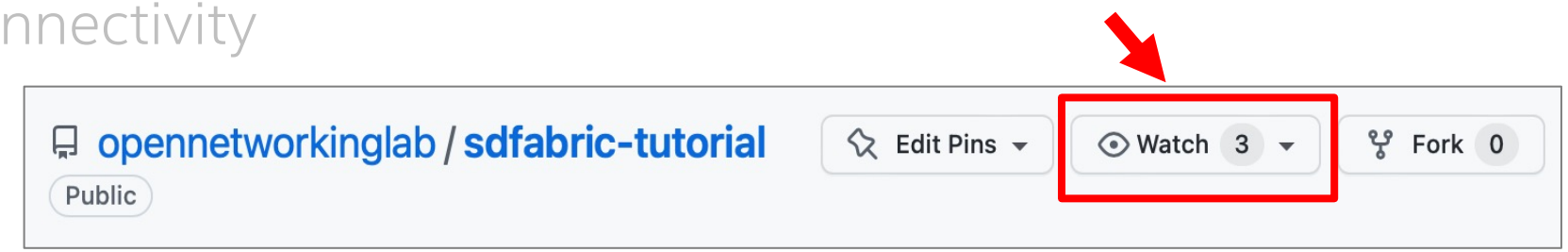
- Open lab README on GitHub
  - http://github.com/opennetworkinglab/sdfabric-tutorial
- Or open in text editor
  - sdfabric-tutorial/README.md
  - sdfabric-tutorial/EXERCISE-2.md
- Solution
  - sdfabric-tutorial/solution

That's All For Now!

- Part 1 – Introduction to SD-Fabric: motivation, architecture, use cases
- Part 2 – Basics & Configuration + hands-on lab
- Part 3 – P4 User Plane Function (UPF) + hands-on lab

- Part 4 – In-band Network Telemetry (INT)
- Part 5 – Extending SD-Fabric
- Part 6 – Slicing & QoS
- Part 7 – Advanced Connectivity
- And more...

More sessions and labs on the way!
Make sure to watch the GitHub repo
github.com/opennetworkinglab/sdfabric-tutorial



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